

PUSH EAST TO WALL

Western Farmers Oppose no Large a Scale for Yankoo B...

AGRICULTURE DROOPS ON ATLANTIC

Liberal Land Grants and Laws on Frontiers Prove Feasible.

SOUTH ALSO PROVES FACTOR IN FIGHT

Fruit Growers and Carriers Snatch Profits from South.

TILLERS OF SOIL ARE SAID TO BE SLOW

Industrial Commission Criticizes Farmers for Failure to Truthfully Gauge Public Needs and Suitability of Soil.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The industrial commission today made public its review of evidence taken before the commission on the subjects of agriculture and agricultural labor.

Among other subjects discussed is that of agricultural depression, of which the commission speaks as follows: "The cause most often assigned for the depression of agriculture in the eastern states is the increased production due to the opening of western lands in advance of the natural demand, especially through the agency of liberal land laws and grants of land in aid of railroad construction."

The competition of the west has been rendered especially severe by the policy of the railroads in making freight rates relatively low for long distances. The old staple products having thus become unprofitable in the east it has been necessary for farmers to change their methods and vary the character of their crops, taking up especially the culture of products which are not easily transported long distances.

South Eastern Areas. "Thus, truck farming has largely superseded cereal growing along the Atlantic coast, but farmers in the North Atlantic states now complain of the severe competition of states further south in this industry and much the same may be said of fruit growing. Even so perishable a commodity as milk is transported much longer distances than formerly since the introduction of refrigerators cars."

Another cause which several witnesses assign for the unsatisfactory condition of agriculture in some parts of the country is the conservation of the farmers, their lack of quick adjustment to changed conditions and lack of effective business planning and management. The farmers, as a class, have not kept up with the times, but have raised the same crops year after year without regard to changes in supply and demand. This undue conservatism and lack of managing ability among farmers is especially emphasized with reference to the southern states and is given as an explanation of the too exclusive attention to cotton production prevailing there."

Money Scarce in South. "Another cause assigned for agricultural depression in the south is the scarcity of money, the difficulty of borrowing on real estate security and the consequent high rates of interest. It seems probable, however, that the money in the south at somewhat lower rates of interest than formerly. The decline in the price of cotton is of course an important element in the depression of agriculture in the south, as another cause. On the other hand it is affirmed that there is too much good and cheap labor in the south. An abundance of cheap labor is said to be unfavorable to the success of agriculture, because it results in planting too large an acreage and in neglect of personal attention by the planter."

Against the charge that farmers are unduly conservative is put the counter charge that they turn from one crop to another without sufficient regard to the suitability of the climate and soil or to the conditions of the market."

MANUFACTURERS IN ARKANSAS

Census Bureau Shows How the State Has Prospered in Ten Years.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—A bulletin was issued by the census bureau today showing the condition of the manufacturing industries of the state of Arkansas for the census year 1900 and giving comparisons with every census since 1850. The statement shows that last year there were 4,474 manufacturing establishments in the state, with an aggregate capital of \$45,750,000, with 1,000,000 employees, whose wages amounted to \$1,251,096, and with 26,501 wage-earners, to whom was paid \$2,868,291.

The cost of materials used is placed at \$23,963,768 and the value of products is given at \$44,888,783. The value of products for 1890 was \$22,625,185. In 1890 the value of products of a manufacturing character amounted to only \$537,908. For 1900 the showing in the leading industries in the matter of value of products was as follows: Cars and railroad-shop construction, \$2,096,447; cotton ginning, \$1,581,007; flouring and grist-mill products, \$78,709; lumber and timber products, \$23,259,983; oil, cotton seed and cake, \$2,744,864.

ROOSEVELT PLEASURES THEM

Makes Encouraging Remarks to Delegates from Land Grant College Association.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—A committee from the Agricultural Land Grant College association which is meeting in this city, consisting of President Burkman of North Carolina, President Atherton of Pennsylvania, President White of Georgia and Captain Alexia Cole of Ohio, called upon the president today to pay his respects and to ask him to receive the members of the association. The latter request the president felt compelled reluctantly to refuse, saying he was making it a rule to receive representative committees from such associations, but not the associations themselves.

KING BRINGS DOWN HIS BIRD

Edward and His Party Shoot pheasants in Windsor Park Without Regard to Rain.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—In spite of the gales and rain which have been blowing from the north since yesterday morning, King Edward, prince of Wales and a distinguished party spent yesterday shooting pheasants in Windsor park. His majesty, who appeared to be in excellent health, seemed to enjoy the sport and secured a good bag.

ARBITRATION NOT ARBITRARY

Mexican Delegates Believe that World Has Not Reached a Sufficient Stage of Civilization.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 12.—In the preamble to their report the Mexican delegates to the Pan-American congress review the question of arbitration. The paper deals with the question of making arbitration arbitrary.

It is pointed out that the delegates to the present day societies, in which man, while moving under high aspirations, is carried away by passions which disturb and blind him. "The Mexican delegates look for more practical results. They say their plan offers something more favorable to the interests of peace than those ideas offered by promoters of plans for the formation of the United States of Europe, and even of the world."

The delegates to the Pan-American conference this morning visited the mint and were shown through it by Finance Minister Limantour. A banquet was served in the corridors.

BULGARIA TO BE YIELDING

His Reply to Dickinson's Latest Address Expected to Be Promise of All He Asks.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Nov. 12.—Consul General Dickinson of Constantinople has supplemented his verbal representations to the Bulgarian government by a note today in which he has stated that the Bulgarian government has not complied with the demands of the United States of America. Dickinson repeats his demand for the noninterference of the government in the negotiation.

The government's reply, according to the opinion expressed in official circles, will set forth that while hesitating to establish the precedent that the government give protection to brigands in treating for the ransom of captives, in the present case, in order to save the safety of two women, the government, as an act of courtesy and humanity, will comply with Mr. Dickinson's request.

RIFLE OVER EVERY SHOULDER

Lord Roberts' Advice that Saber and Lance Be Dispersed With May Be Carried Out.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The Daily News makes the following announcement: Owing to Lord Roberts' conviction that the saber and lance have seen their best days and must be replaced even for cavalry by rifles, while the bulk of the infantry must hereafter be mounted, the small arms committee was instructed some months ago to find a modified form of the Lee-Enfield suitable for all arms. As a result the committee has decided in favor of shortening the barrel five inches, and increasing the weight of the rifle in order to compensate for the loss of range and accuracy. An experimental issue of 1,000 will be made soon.

LONDON WILL BUILD SUBWAY

Delegates Who Visited American Cities Are Spurred on to Emulate Their Example.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—At yesterday's meeting of the London County Council a proposition was unanimously adopted to ask the consent of Parliament for the construction of subways and an electric tramway from the Victoria Embankment under New Street to Holborn, connecting a little farther north with surface trams.

DIAZ PROVES BAD NATIVE

President of Province on Leyte Found to Have Many Incriminating Papers About Him.

CATBALOGAN, Island of Samar, Nov. 12.—Diaz, the president of Tacloban, island of Leyte, who has been proved to be an agent of the Filipino Junta at Hong Kong, has been arrested. Many incriminating papers, implicating numerous officials, were seized at the time of his arrest.

ALL SHIPSHAPE AT SANTIAGO

Governor General Wood is Pleased With His Inspection of South Coast Cuban City.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Nov. 12.—Governor General and Mrs. Wood, collector Blinn, Captain Slocum, Major Keane and several women arrived here this morning on the captain yacht Kanawha. General Wood has expressed himself as greatly pleased with the appearance of the city and the recent improvements. In the course of the afternoon he inspected the troops at Morro harbor, which will remain in the district for several days, looking over the military posts and examining the public works.

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BOATS COLLIDE IN CHANNEL

Lightship is Run Down and Crew is Relieved to Have Perished.

MANY SHIPS IMPERILED IN THE STORM

Signals of Distress Are Flying and Life-Saving Service is Hard at Work in Relieving the Shipwrecked.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—At 5:15 a. m. The mail-boat Nord, which started from Dover for Calais at 11:30 last night, ran down a lightship off the new Dover pier. The crew of the lightship was drowned.

It is reported in Dover that sixteen persons went down with the lightship. Nord, which left Melbourne August 17, for London, at the mouth of the Thames. The latter foundered, but the crew was saved. Wild weather prevails over the lake district. The first snow is falling on the Westmoreland hills.

A number of coast towns have suffered damage to their sea walls and houses and several rivers have broken their banks and seriously damaged the lower parts of inland towns. Traffic in some of the streets of Blackburn has been stopped. There are several feet of water in many of the districts. Houses are flooded and elsewhere mills and schools are closed on account of the floods.

The seas are so high off the Tyne that shipping movements have been stopped. Hundreds of ship yard men are idle on account of the abnormal high water. There have been a number of wrecks on the Sunderland coast.

ALASKA SWEEP BY STORMS

Severe Earthquake Two Years Ago Shatters Glaciers, Causing Heavy Flow of Ice.

PORT TOWNSE, Wash., Nov. 12.—The coast of southeastern Alaska continues to be swept by storms, according to reports brought by the steamer Albatross, which arrived tonight from Skagway. Strong winds and snowstorms have prevailed almost continuously during the last two weeks and there is much floating ice in the channels. Pilot Bradley, who has been continually on the Alaskan route during the last thirteen years, says the ice flow is larger than ever known before and he accounts for it as being the result of the severe earthquake of two years ago, which shattered the various glaciers. Since that time the sloughing of icebergs from the glaciers has been very great.

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HIGH WIND ON THE LAKES

Gale With Velocity of Fifty Miles an Hour Threatens Disaster to Shipping.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 12.—A wind with a velocity of fifty miles an hour has been blowing on Lake Erie for the last fifteen hours, resulting in a complete embargo on lake commerce. Aside from the passenger boats, no lake craft has come into Cleveland today.

EXILE REACHES SAFE HAVEN

Columbia's Former Minister of War Describes Tumult in Republics of the South.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—General Pedro Nel Ospina, Colombia's former minister of war, is here as an exile, arriving today on board the Atlas line steamer Alogu. Two other Colombian leaders were banished at the same time, Generals Saverda and Holguin.

General Saverda departed at Port Limon, Costa Rica when Alogu called on its northward journey. General Ospina and General Holguin came on to this port. General Ospina, as Colombia's war minister, was said to have the confidence of the people and to have used his best efforts to end the revolt now disturbing the country. He is also credited with a plan to have restored President San Clemente, and the legitimate government to power, but Vice President Marroquin interfered, flung Ospina into prison and put in his place Dr. Jose Vicente Concha.

General Ospina was asked about a recent cablegram from Panama, in which General Alogu was quoted as saying that Ospina had done his country a great wrong in having conferred with the liberals and in so doing had practically recognized them as belligerents. This the former minister vehemently denied, saying that he never had any conference at any time with the liberals.

OPINIA INVITES FORCE

Of his removal from office, General Ospina said he was asked to resign, but he replied that he preferred to be removed, and he was removed to prison, and kept there twenty-two days, incommunicado, and then banished with neither decree nor written notice of any kind.

Speaking of the political affairs in the disturbed republics of the south, General Ospina gave it as his belief that the war in Colombia will soon be at an end. Insurgents, he said, are neither numerous or well organized, the chief forces being concentrated in the neighborhood of Panama. All the rest he described as roving bands of bandits, making their homes in mountain fastnesses, from which they issue to commit depredations. He thinks that the organized force about Panama does not exceed 800 men.

POSTOFFICES OF THE WEST

Year's Record of Changes and Progress in Nebraska and Other States.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—(Special Telegram)—The annual report of the fourth assistant postmaster general was made public today. For Nebraska it shows: During the year ending June 30, 1901, there were established 20 fourth-class post-offices, discontinued 15, and changed 10. There were 145 presidential post-offices, 100 of which were established, 55 discontinued and 45 changed. Of presidential post-offices one resigned and three commissions expired. Of fourth-class 165 resigned, nineteen were removed and six died.

In Iowa there were twenty-nine presidential and 140 fourth-class appointments. There were fifty-one presidential and 522 fourth-class offices, the receipts of which were \$175,828.64. There were twenty-six offices established, thirty-seven discontinued, forty-four sites and names changed. Of presidential there were one resignation, one removal and three commissions expired. Of fourth-class there were ninety-two resignations, twenty-four removals and nine deaths.

In Wyoming there were five presidential and 142 fourth-class appointments. There were fifty-one presidential and 522 fourth-class offices, the receipts of which were \$175,828.64. There were twenty-six offices established, thirty-seven discontinued, forty-four sites and names changed. Of presidential there were one resignation, one removal and three commissions expired. Of fourth-class there were ninety-two resignations, twenty-four removals and nine deaths.

J. B. Haynes, secretary to Senator Millard, accompanied by his family and his wife's mother, arrived in Washington today for the winter. They are temporarily situated at the Hotel Hamilton. Senator Millard himself is expected to take up his quarters at the New Willard about November 25.

Department Notes.

Rural free delivery service has been ordered established January 1, at Oakland, Putnam county, Iowa. The route contains twenty-four square miles, containing a population of 1,935. Albert Brown and L. L. Palmer were appointed carriers. Dr. W. F. Graham was today appointed pension examining surgeon at Atlantic, Ia.

Nebraska—Major J. H. Markley, assigned Iowa—Farmhouse, Calhoun county, George Coats, St. Benedict, Kassath county, Theodore Bohon, South Dakota—Fairview, Lincoln county, M. C. Gable.

J. W. Jinks of the District of Columbia was today appointed to the position of clerk at the Indian school, Chamberlain, S. D.

The postoffice at Minneola, Butte county, South Dakota, was ordered discontinued and its mail hereafter will be sent to Belle Fourche.

Major Blair Taylor, surgeon, now at Honolulu, has been ordered to duty in the Department of Dakota, relieving Captain Alfred E. Bradley, assistant surgeon, who has been ordered to duty in the Philippines.

IN REFUNDMENT OF TAXES

Comptroller of Treasury Renders an Important Decision on Revenue Stamps.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Mr. Tracewell, comptroller of the treasury, has rendered a decision, in which he holds that the commissioner of internal revenue is not authorized by section 3229 of the revised statutes to allow claims for the refund of money paid on revenue stamps as a refundment of taxes. Under section 2220, the commissioner is given authority to refund taxes erroneously or illegally collected, with a limit as to time of making application for the return of the amount of stamps so refunded.

The act of May 12, 1900, however, limits the time of making applications for refund to two years after the purchase of the stamps from the government and the period of the stamp's validity.

The comptroller, therefore, holds that the time when the stamps were affixed and cancelled is of no importance in the determination of the rights of the person seeking a refund, the only question being the time the stamps were purchased originally from the government.

MORE MONEY FOR RURAL MAIL

Postmaster General Will Ask for Double Present Free Delivery Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—In his annual report, which will be completed soon, Postmaster General Smith will ask for an increase of the appropriation for the rural free delivery service from \$2,500,000 to \$5,000,000 and will advocate the extension of the service as far as practicable. He will express the opinion that this branch of the work of the department is of the greatest utility and will plead for most liberal consideration on the part of congress. He will explain in detail the growth and needs of the department in the matter of second-class mail matter, taking the position that the law granting a rate of 1 cent per pound contemplated benefit only to absolutely legitimate newspapers with legitimate subscription lists.

PAYS BALANCE DUE M'KINLEY

Government Issues Warrant to Administrators of Estate for Eleven Hundred Dollars.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—A statement of account was made today by the auditor for the State department charging the late President McKinley with the warrants issued to him on account of salary from the beginning of his incumbency to the office of president to the date of his death and crediting him with the amount due him on account of salary. A balance due of \$1,150 was found. A warrant in favor of the administrators of the president's estate was drawn today by the secretary of the treasury.

LUTHER W. OSBORN IS DEAD

Distinguished Nebraskan Passes Away at His Post in Samoa.

NEWS COMES BY WAY OF AUCKLAND

His Services in Settling the Maitaton Rebellion Most Notable and His Subsequent Course One of Busy Occupation.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—(Special Telegram)—The death of Luther W. Osborn, announced today by the State department, came as a great shock to the officials. His communications to the department have been marked by thoroughness, clearness and value. When trouble between the contending factions of natives arose Judge Osborn, as acting chief justice of the Samoan islands, decided every question with such eminent fairness that both sides to a controversy were bound to accept his decisions. When the excitement of islands was at white heat and actual warfare between contending native tribes had broken out Consul General Osborn remained on the island, refusing to take refuge on a man-of-war, and by his coolness and courage prevented wholesale slaughter. The consular service of the United States contains not a chapter of coolness, intelligent judgment and successful diplomacy on the part of any consul surpassing this chapter of Judge Osborn's record at Apia. For two years Judge Osborn's health had not been flourishing. Last December he wrote Chief Clerk Michael of the State department a personal letter, in which he said, "Myself and family are not well. No one has been able to remain here as long as I have. For climate in many respects is beautiful, but for some reason some one down just a little every day." In a subsequent letter he wrote Colonel Michael that he would be obliged to take a vacation, even if it required him to resign in order to recuperate.

Colonel Michael, in speaking of Judge Osborn, whom he had known favorably for twenty years, said: "The State department feels that in the death of the consul general at Apia the service has lost one of its brightest and most valuable representatives."

Chief in Samoan Group.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—A cablegram received at the State department today from Auckland, New Zealand, announces the death at Apia, Samoa, on October 17, of Luther W. Osborn, United States consul general at Apia.

Mr. Osborn was born in New York and appointed to his present post from Nebraska July 26, 1897. Thus he was the principal representative of the authority of the United States in the Samoan group, the troublesome days before the partition and it appeared that he, alone, of all the foreign representatives at Apia aroused no opposition. He obtained the confidence of the natives and the other representatives of the United States.

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Blair, Neb., Nov. 12.—(Special Telegram.)

A short time after the arrival of The Omaha Evening Bee, containing the news of the death of Hon. L. W. Osborn, almost every person in Blair knew of it and expressed sorrow, so well was he known and respected as a citizen in his old home. Mr. Osborn came to Blair from Blair, N. Y., in August, 1869, and began the practice of law, which he continued to follow until October 14, 1897, when he sailed for Samoa. His wife and son, their only child, accompanied him. Mr. Osborn's death casts a gloom over the entire city and many are the expressions of sorrow heard tonight on every hand. Two letters were received here yesterday from Mr. Osborn, one being to Mayor W. D. Haller, which was dated Apia, October 18, and the other October 19. In both letters Mr. Osborn writes cheerfully, although in good health. He was a member of the Masonic lodge and Knights Templars of this city. Almost the entire time of his professional career here he was in partnership with other attorneys, among whom was the late John H. Blinn. After Mr. Osborn's death, the firm of Osborn, Blinn & Co., of Sioux City, and Judge Lee Estelle of Omaha.

Sketch of His Career.

Luther W. Osborn was born in Ithaca, N. Y., and served in a New York regiment during the civil war. After the close of the war he came to Nebraska and engaged in the practice of his profession, the law, which he followed for twenty-five years. He was a delegate to the national republican convention in 1876 and member of the national committee from 1878 to 1880. He made his home at Blair for many years.

In 1897 Judge Osborn was appointed United States consul to Samoa and was present there during the war between the supporters of Maitaton and Mataafa the great king. At this time Judge Osborn was most conspicuous in bringing about a settlement of the difficulties between the natives and the representatives of the three great nations which had assumed the responsibility for the government of Samoa. When the new government was formed Judge Osborn was made chief justice of the supreme court of Samoa. He was serving in this capacity at the time of his death.

During the last year The Bee has published some very interesting letters from Judge Osborn, partly descriptive of the islands and partly historical of the Maitaton rebellion. The last of these was published about two weeks ago and another has just come to hand for publication next Sunday. In a private letter, dated August 26, 1901, Judge Osborn writes: "When I read of the terrible things happening in the states of the drought and floods and frightful heat and fatalities resulting therefrom, the keen edge of the desire to be there at this time is somewhat blunted. I feel that all the good things we are not to be found in any one country. We are having delightfully pleasant weather here, neither too warm nor too cold."

Schooner Goes to Bottom.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Nov. 12.—The schooner Loyalist, of Bath, Me., Captain H. H. Johnson, from Portland, Me., with a cargo of coal, is sunk between Shovert and Pollock Rip today. The schooner was bound for New York. The crew of four men were rescued by the schooner L. T. G. and landed here this afternoon, after having suffered terribly from exposure.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; Westerly Winds.

Table with columns: Temperature at Omaha Yesterday, Hour, Deg., and Forecast for Today, Hour, Deg.

NEW YORK ADDS TO THE FUND

Over Twenty Thousand Dollars Collected in That State—Other Means Are Considered.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Members of the executive committee of the McKinley Memorial association of the state of New York met in private session today. Cornelius N. Bliss, chairman of the committee, and Senator M. A. Hanna, who is vice president of the McKinley Memorial association, attended the meeting. At the meeting \$14,200 was subscribed toward the memorial which, with \$7,500 already reported, makes \$21,700 collected by the state association.

BUGGY RIDE LEADS TO DEATH

Young Woman's Body is Found Following Pleasure Excursion With Unknown Man.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 12.—The body of Miss Lena Renner was found by some children late this afternoon in a ditch on the face of a hill in the north. Finger marks on the neck point to death by strangulation. Miss Renner went buggy riding with a young man last night, whom nobody seems to know. She did not return home and relatives solicited police aid in the search for her today, but without a result. This is the second mysterious murder that has occurred in this vicinity within the last twenty-four hours, the body of Mrs. George Railer also being found on the public highway this morning.

BOTH SIDES CLAIM VICTORY

Returns Come in Slowly from Vote on New Constitution—No Definite Results Obtained.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 12.—Partial returns from every county in Alabama indicate that the new constitution has been ratified by nearly 50,000 votes. The black belt counties have been slow to send in returns, and when the official count is made the majority may go as high as 52,000. All the white counties have practically completed the count.

General C. M. Shelley, leader of the opposition, claims the state will cast a majority of at least 20,000 against ratification. He bases this estimate on the returns from north Alabama, which show increased majorities against the new constitution.

AGED PASTOR'S BODY FOUND

Lutheran Clergyman Starts to Draw Money from Bank and is Not Seen Again Alive.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Rev. Christian Haddena, for many years pastor of a Lutheran church in Columbus, O., is dead in this city. His body was found floating in the water off South Brooklyn last Saturday and taken to the morgue. Here it lay unidentified until today, when Adolph Kerler, a member of the minister, claimed it. Just how Mr. Haddena met his death is not known, but the nephew thinks it an accident. He left Mr. Kerler's house October 4, to draw money from a bank, but did not do so and was not seen afterward by his relatives. He was 70 years old.

NURSES SHIFT THE BLAME

Attendants at Dunning Asylum Hold Physicians Responsible for Ill Treatment of Patients.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—Mrs. Kate Green and Miss Mae Shea, the attendants at the Dunning asylum, charged with neglect and undervalued insane women committed to their care, denied today before the county court the charges made by the relatives of the patients of their meals and put all the responsibility for the treatment of the patients received on the shoulders of Dr. Clara Ferguson, formerly physician in the asylum, but now in Europe. The commissioners reserved a decision.

DIES ON HIS WEDDING NIGHT

Prospective Bridegroom Shoots Himself While Dressing for Marriage Ceremony.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Nov. 12.—Elmer Montgomery of this city while dressing himself for his wedding this evening, shot himself through the temple, dying within a few minutes without assigning any cause for his act. Tonight Montgomery was to be united in marriage to Miss Edyth Thomas, a pretty young woman of this city. Miss Thomas is prostrated by the news of her sweetheart's death and his terrible deed is more of a mystery to her than anyone else.

NEARLY DROWNS AT BAPTISM

Girl Slips from Clergyman's Grasp and Only Recovers Consciousness After Two Hours.

THORNTOWN, Ind., Nov. 12.—Miss Minnie Coddington living near this place, while being baptized by a minister of the Christian church, in some way slipped from his grasp and narrowly escaped drowning. She was rescued by the bystanders and the minister and physicians restored her to consciousness after two hours of hard work.

Movements of Ocean Vessels Nov. 13.

At New York—Arrived—Ethiopia, from Glasgow; Marquette, from London; Amsterdams, from Rotterdam; Northtown, from Chicago; Holzendorff, from Genoa; Naples and Gibraltar, sailed—Georgia, for Liverpool.

At Louisville—Arrived—Pretoria, from Montreal; Saxtonian, from Boston.

At Louisville—Arrived—Zenois, from St. Francis; via Honolulu and Asia, for Sidney, N. S. W. At Yokohama—Sailed—Glenfield, for Tacoma.

At Memphis—Arrived—Katherine, from Portland; via New York, for Cherbourg and Bremen.

At Glasgow—Arrived—Arcadian, from Montreal.

WAIFF'S FATAL FAITH